<u>PROPOSAL 165</u> - 5 AAC 21.359. Kenai River Late-Run King Salmon Management Plan. Decrease the trigger for management actions on Kenai River late-run king salmon from 22,500 to 16,500, as follows:

I would like to see (f) be deleted from the plan, but I don't think this will happen, therefore:

To err on the side of conservation, I would like the 22,500 number of projected king salmon escapement lowered to 16,500 in this regulation (f).

The regulation would read something like this:

(f) From August 1 through August 15, if the projected escapement of king salmon into the Kenai River is at least **15,000**, **but less than 16,500** [ 16,500, but less than 22,500], notwithstanding ...

What is the issue you would like the board to address and why? In the Kenai River Late-Run King Salmon Management Plan (KRLRKSMP) the sustainable escapement goal (SEG) is 15,000-30,000 king salmon. The mid point of the SEG is 22,500 king salmon. From August 1 through August 15 if the projected escapement of king salmon into the Kenai River is less than 22,500, the Upper Subdistrict set gillnet fishery can fish no more than 36 hours.

22,500 kings is far to liberal. There is no biological reason or data, that can justify for this number. 22,500 puts unnecessary restrictions on the ESSN fishery. In the Kenai-East Forelands sections, where in some years up to 25% of their harvest can occur in August, the current regulation is very devastating.

If 15,000 is the minimum goal, and the minimum escapement goal is projected, why are there any time restrictions put on the set net fleet?

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